Enabling Flexible Network FPGA Clusters in a Heterogeneous Cloud Data Center

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Cloudy with a chance of FPGAs?

- Big data needs more compute power: How about FPGAs in datacenters?
- Datacenters are approximately 200 billion dollar industry
- Datacenter applications are large
- No large scale datacenter multi-FPGA fabric deployed until 2014



Cloudy with a Chance of FPGAs?

- Microsoft Catapult
 - 1632 Servers
 - Bing search engine
 - 10 % more power, 95 % more throughput
- Intel acquisition of Altera in December 2015
- More than just a *chance*



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Large Clusters Difficult To Manage

- Large resources of clusters difficult to manage
- Expensive
- Solution:
 - Allow users framework to create their own clusters from a pool of available resources



- Byma et al:
 - FPGA broke into partial FPGAs
 - Multiple users share portion of FPGA



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 - Up to 8 FPGAs connected via high performance network link
- IBM Hyperscale
 - Network connected FPGAs
 - Modified Openstack to accept bitstream and then returns IP address and programmed FPGA to user



Problems We Target

- Large multi-FPGA systems
 - Create abstraction between FPGAs in multi-FPGA systems
 - Easy scalability of system



Problems We Target

- Large multi-FPGA systems
 - Create abstraction between FPGAs in multi-FPGA systems
 - Easy scalability of system
- Network capabilities
 - FPGA cluster directly accessible by any other network device in the datacenter



Overall System View

User

Input From User

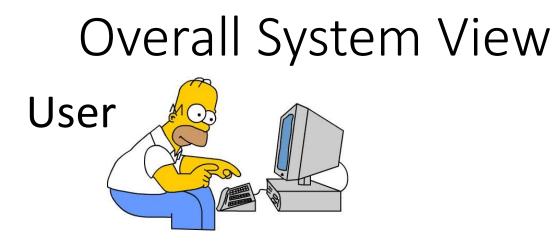
Logical Cluster

Description

FPGA Mapping File

FPGA Cluster Generator

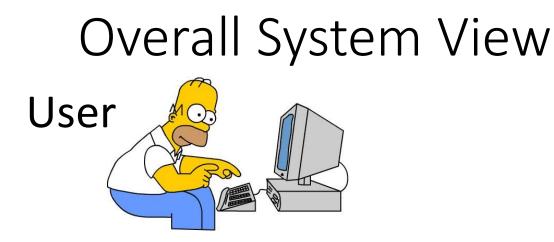
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FPGA Cluster Generator

Output to VM with FPGA Tools

Individual FPGA Projects



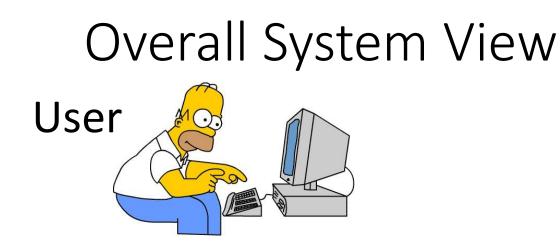
FPGA Cluster Generator

Output to Cloud Manager

Command For Resource Allocation

Commands For Connecting FPGAs to Network

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Output To User

MAC addresses of FPGAs in Multi-FPGA Cluster

FPGA Cluster Generator

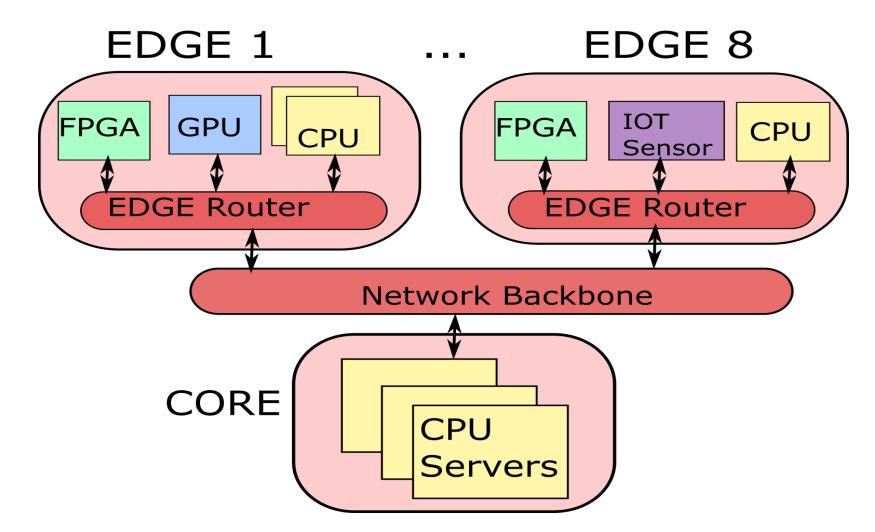
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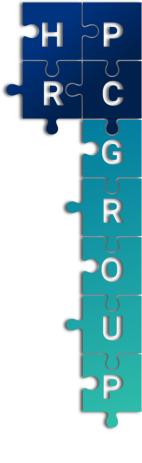
Baseline Infrastructure

- SAVI (Smart Applications on Virtualized Infrastructure)
- OpenStack (Cloud Managing Software)
- Xilinx SDAccel (FPGA Hypervisor)

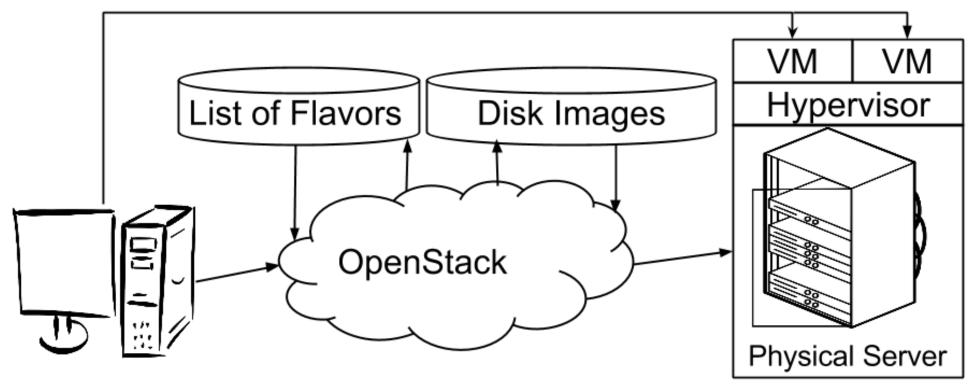


SAVI (Smart Applications on Virtualized Infrastructure)





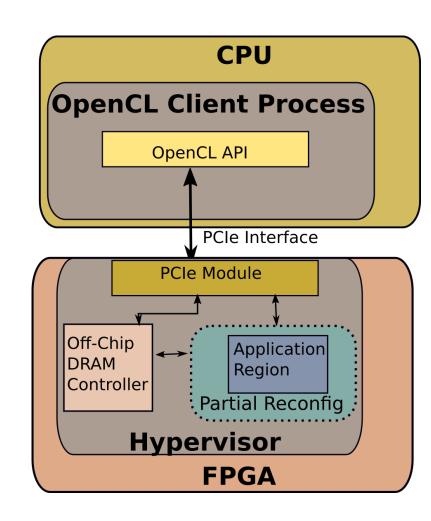
Cloud Managing Software: OpenStack



User Client

FPGA Hypervisor: Xilinx SDAccel

- Abstracts physical hardware on FPGA and provides software interface for these modules
- Publicly available through Xilinx
- No network interface



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Contributions

1. Non-network FPGA from cloud



Contributions

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- 2. Networking infrastructure for FPGAs to communicate in heterogeneous network
 - Modified FPGA hypervisor for networking support
 - FPGAs MAC addresses, accessible by any network device in datacenter

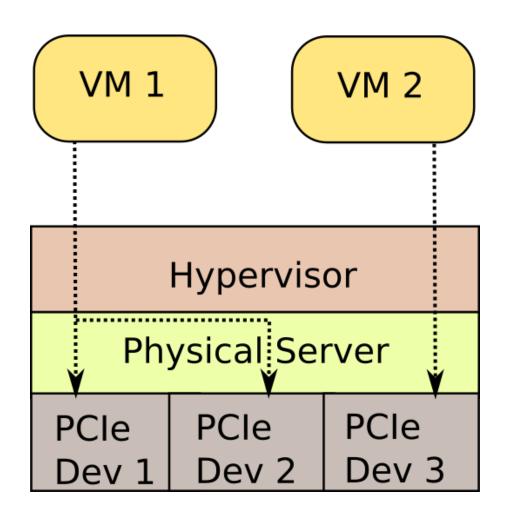


Contributions

- 1. Non-network FPGA from cloud
- 2. Networking infrastructure for FPGAs to communicate in heterogeneous network
 - Modified FPGA hypervisor for networking support
 - FPGAs MAC addresses, accessible by any network device in datacenter
- 3. FPGA cluster generator



Non-network FPGA from Cloud

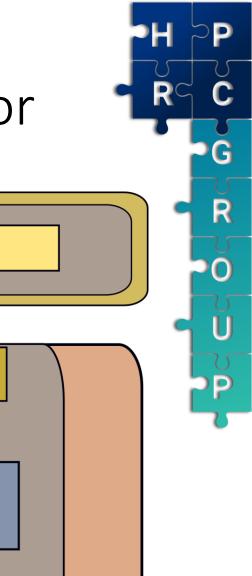


Deployment Flow

- 1. User develops their application on a VM without an FPGA.
- 2. Save VM snapshot
- 3. Upload VM snapshot to OpenStack
- 4. Create new VM with snapshot and FPGA

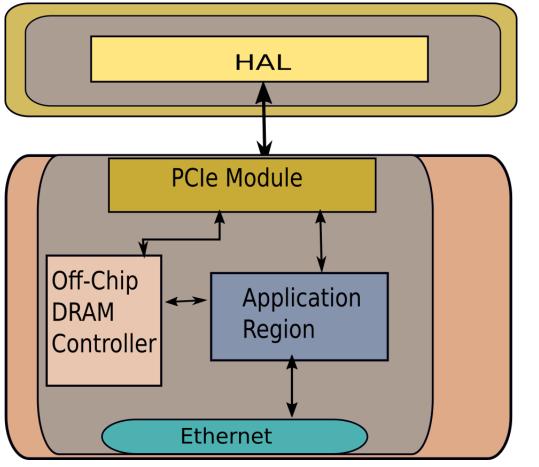
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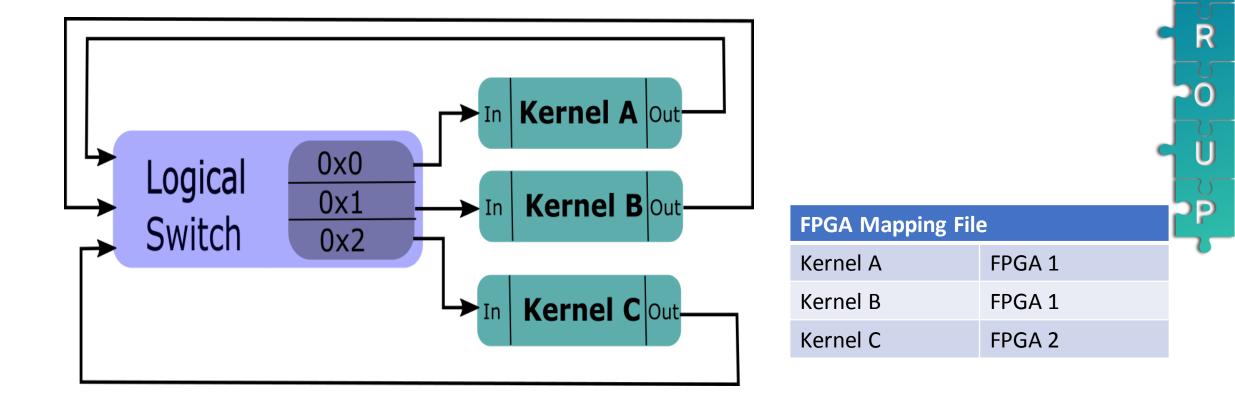


FPGA Hypervisor: Networking Hypervisor

- Customized shell with:
 - PCIe module
 - Off Chip Memory controller
 - 1 GB Ethernet
- Note: No partial reconfiguration



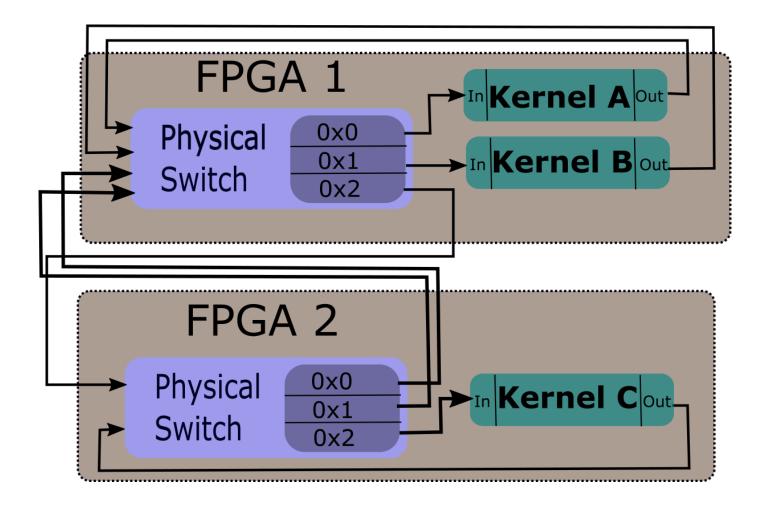
Logical Cluster Description



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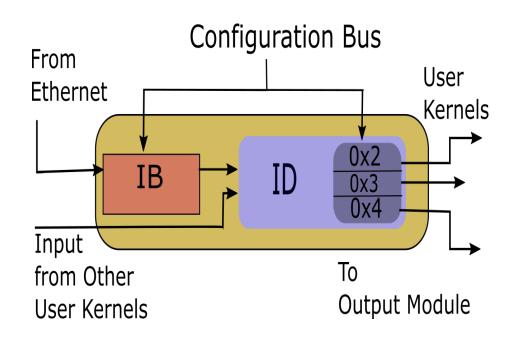
Physical Mapping



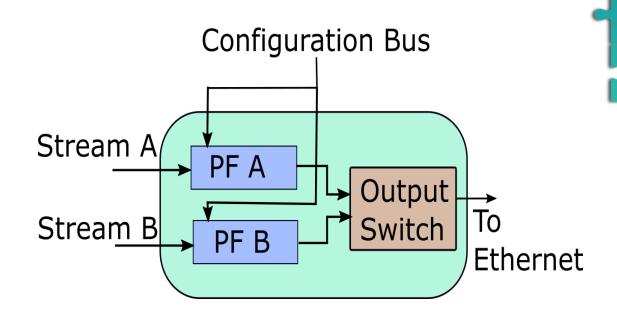


I/O to FPGAs in Cluster

Input







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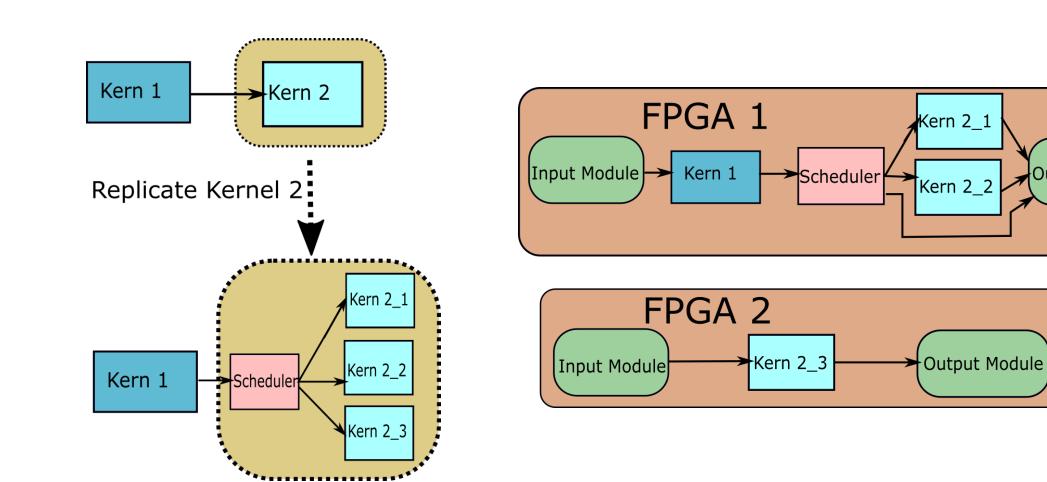
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Scaling Up the Clusters

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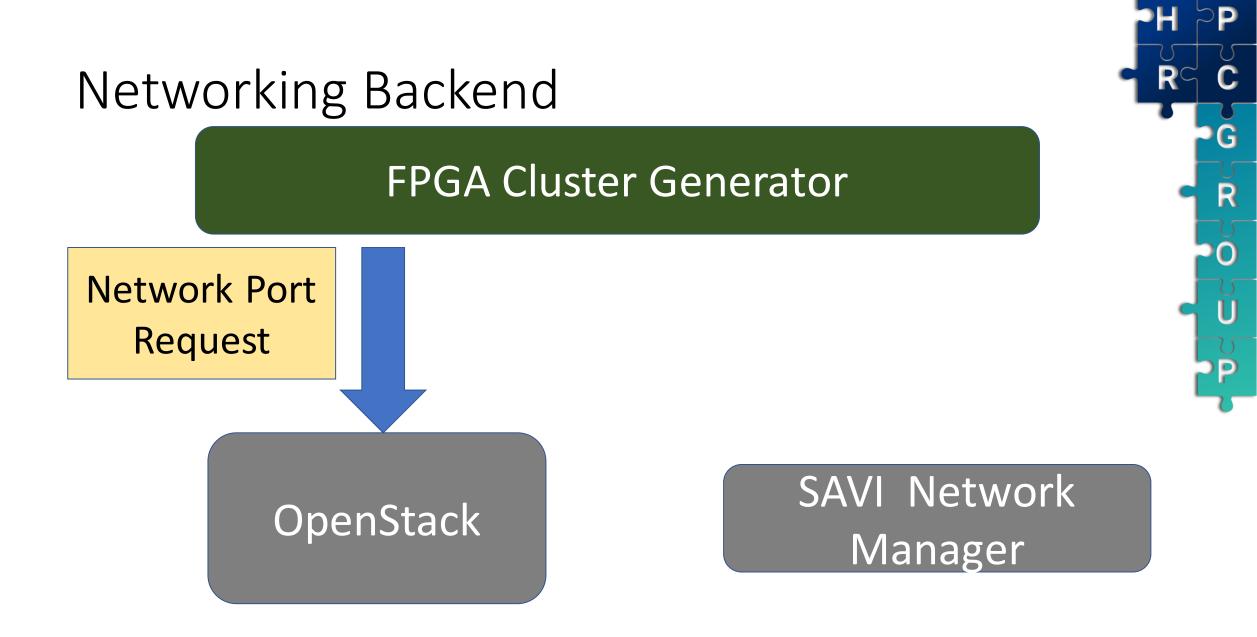
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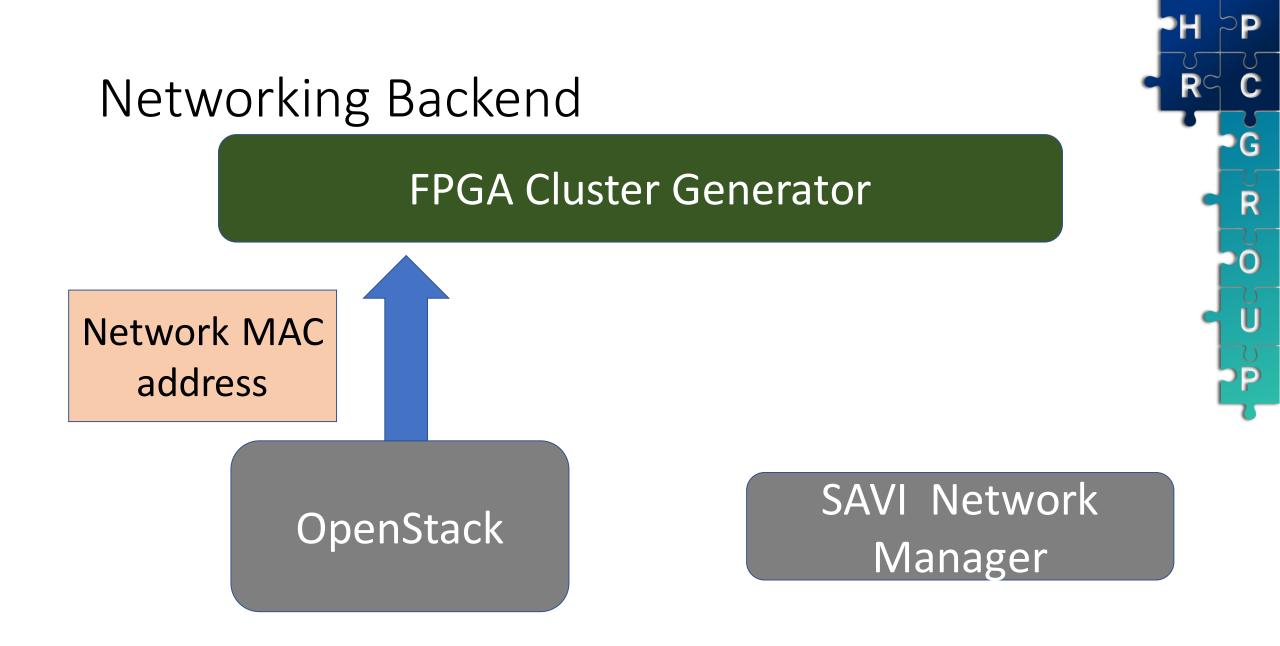
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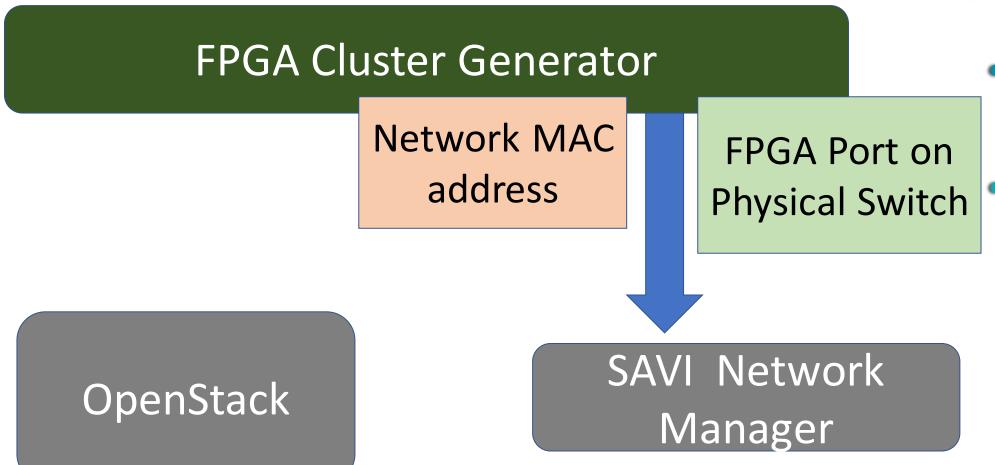
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Output Module





Networking Backend



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Resource Utilization

Hardware Setup	LUTS	Flip-Flops	BRAM
SDAccel Base	53346 (12.3%)	64550 (7.45 %)	228 (15.5 %)
Ethernet Support	8998 (2.1 %)	11574 (1.34 %)	0 (0 %)
Input Module	169 (0.039 %)	294 (0.033 %)	2 (1.36 %)
Output Module	773(0.178 %)	402 (0.059%)	4 (2.72 %)
Total Available	233200	866400	1470

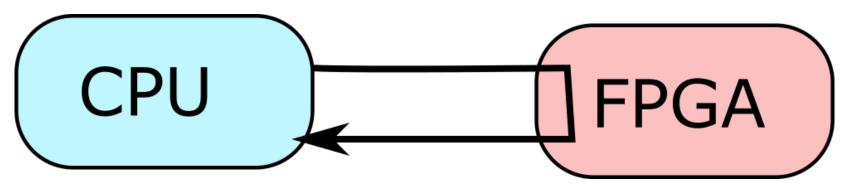
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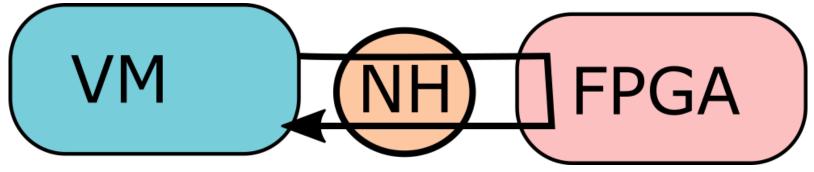
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Testing Latency and Throughput

• Directly Connected CPU to FPGA



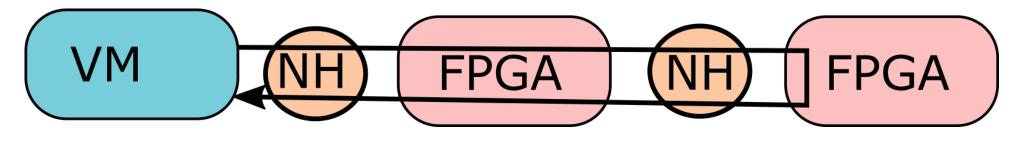
• VM to one FPGA in SAVI



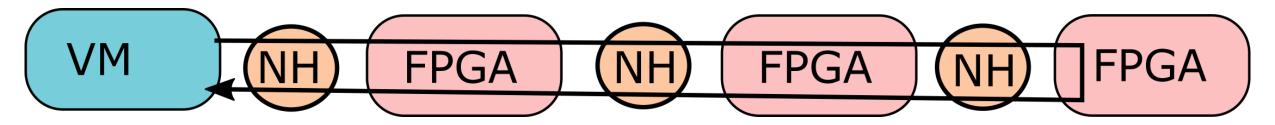


Testing Latency and Throughput

• VM to two FPGA chain in SAVI



• VM to three FPGA chain in SAVI



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Round-trip Latency

Test	Latency (ms)
CPU + FPGA	0.0650
VM + 1 FPGA	0.500
VM + 2 FPGA	0.645
VM + 3 FPGA	0.790



Round-trip Latency

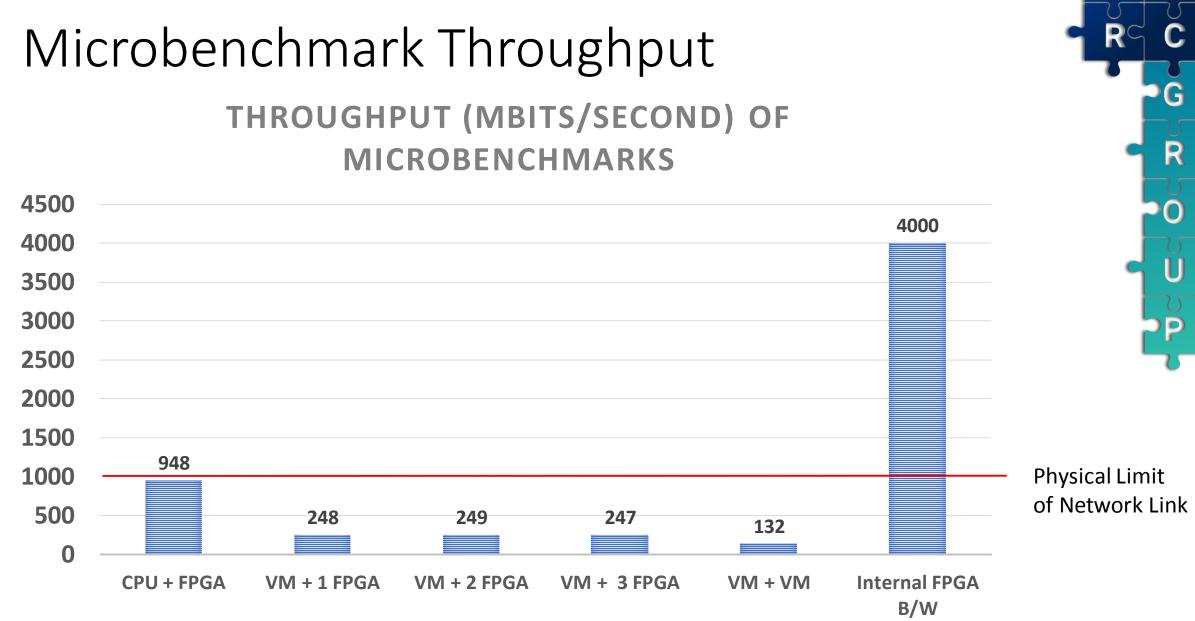
Test	Latency (ms)	• CPU > VM
CPU + FPGA	0.0650	• Extra network
VM + 1 FPGA	0.500	Нор
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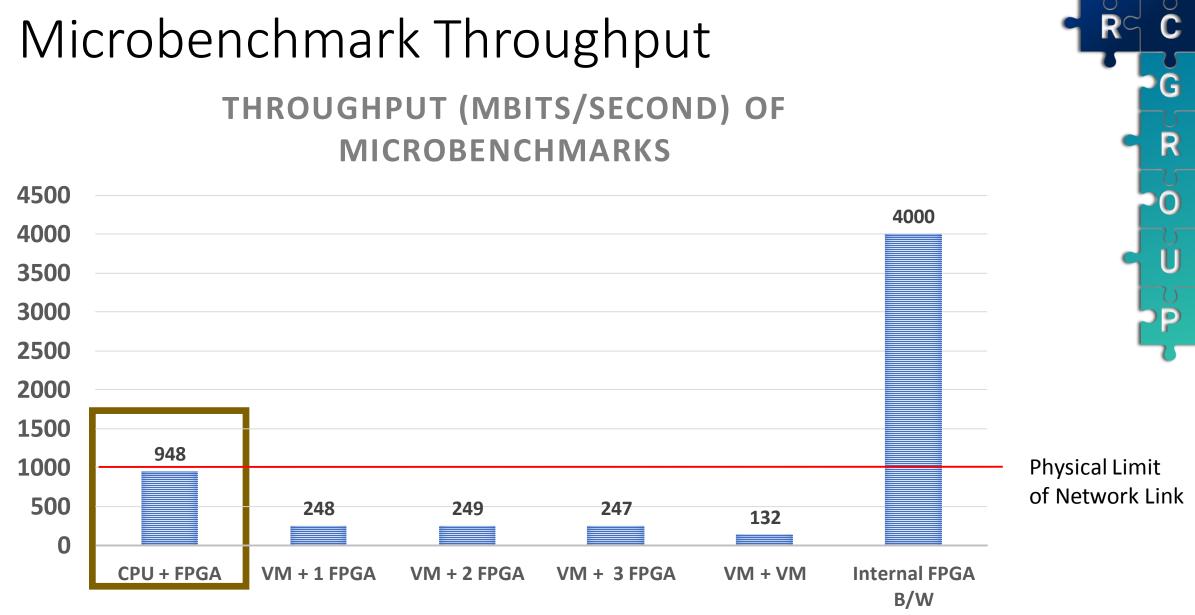
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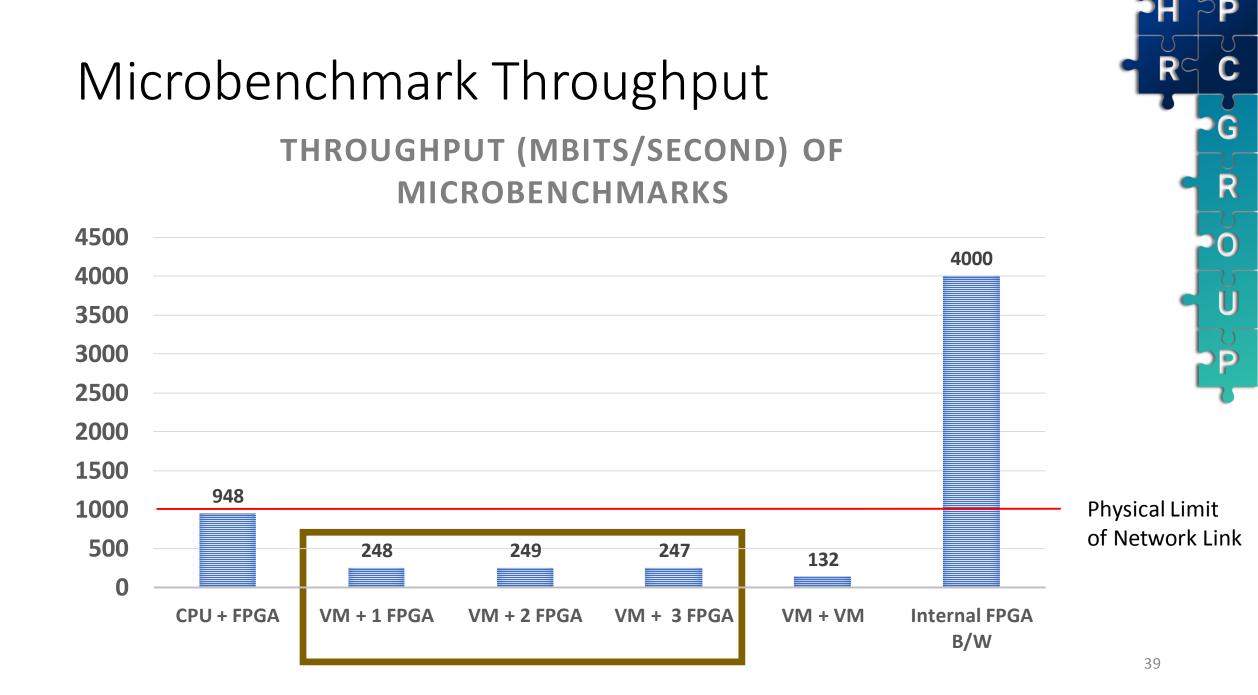
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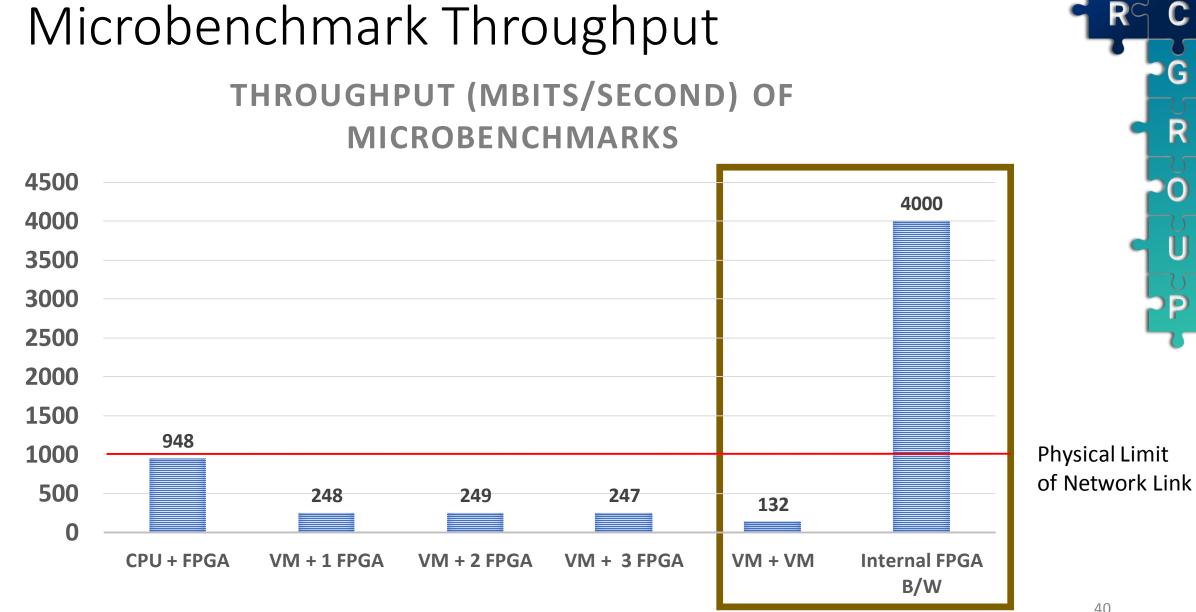
Round-trip Latency

Test	Latency (ms)	
CPU + FPGA	0.0650	
VM + 1 FPGA	0.500	Linear
VM + 2 FPGA	0.645	
VM + 3 FPGA	0.790	









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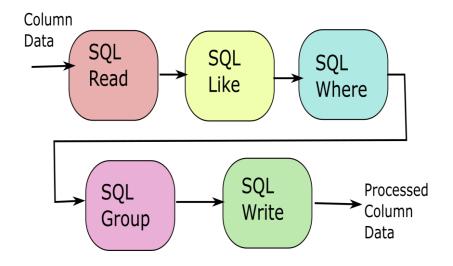
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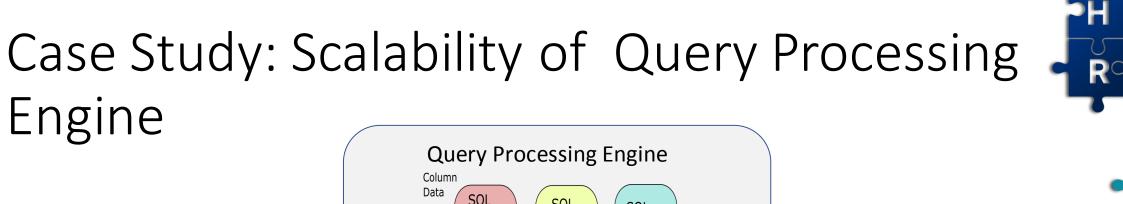
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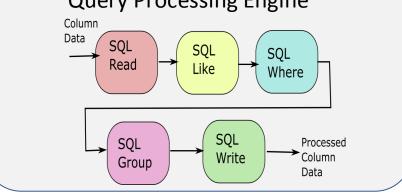
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Case Study: Scalability of Query Processing Engine

- Representative Case study: Database Streaming Query Processing Engine
 - Size
 - Streaming
- Scalable



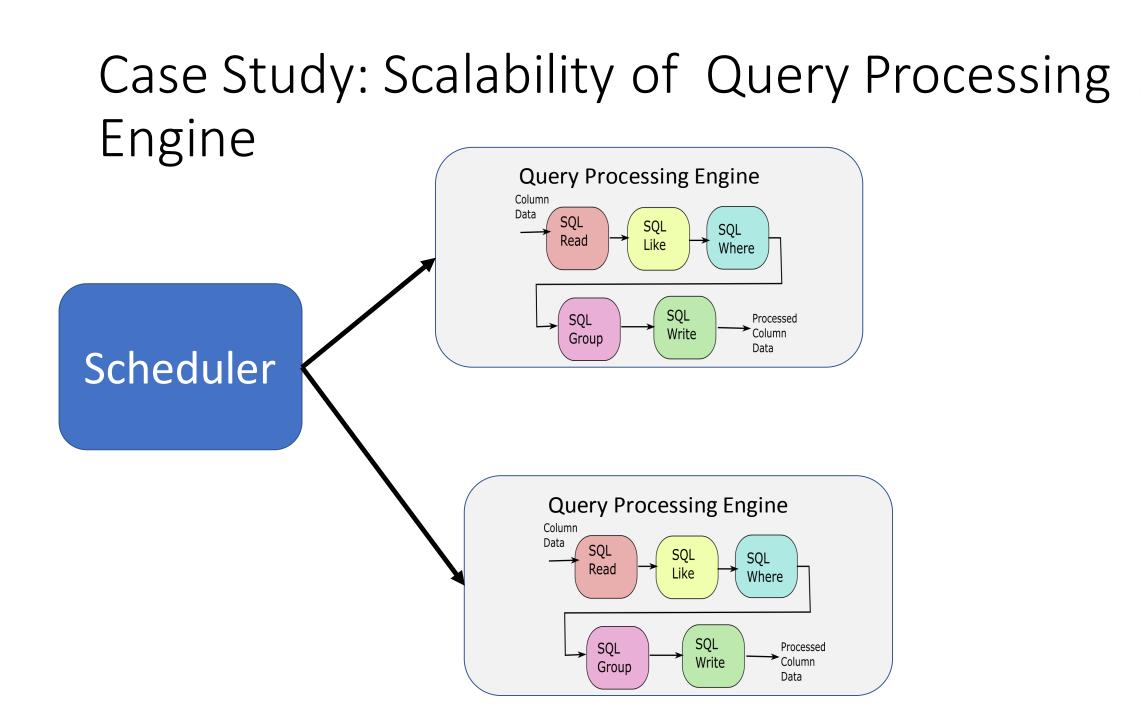




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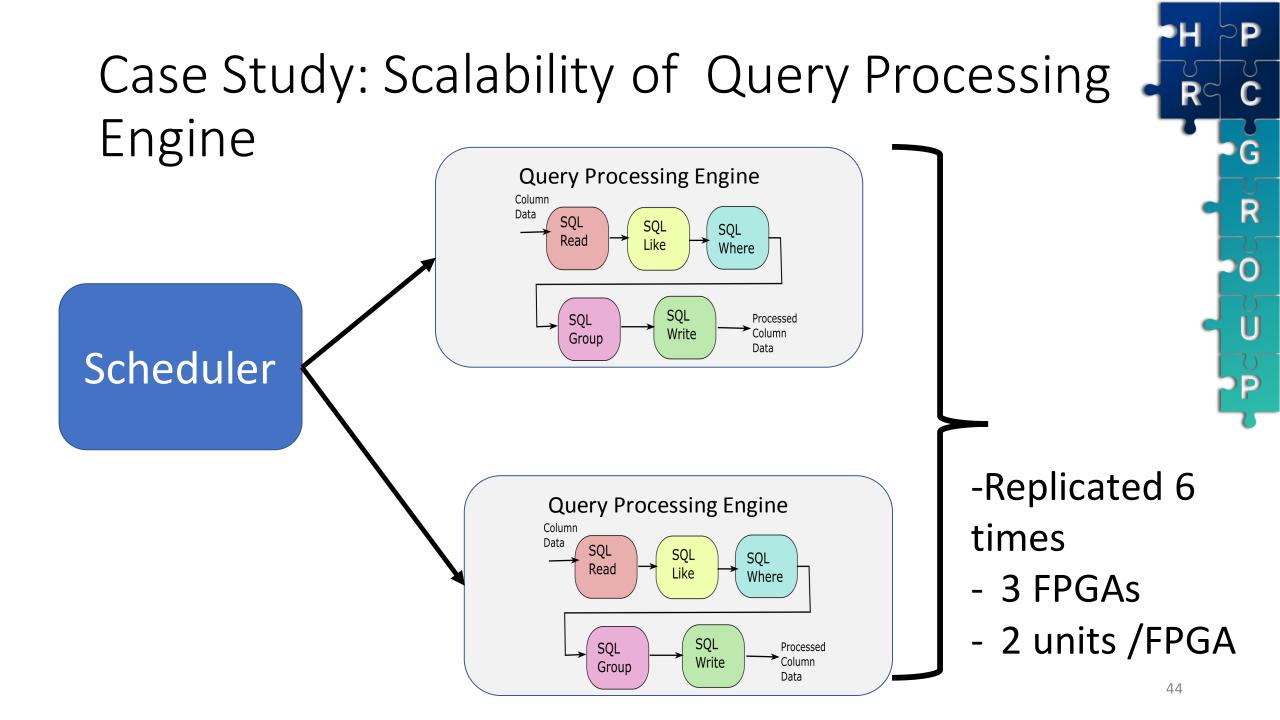


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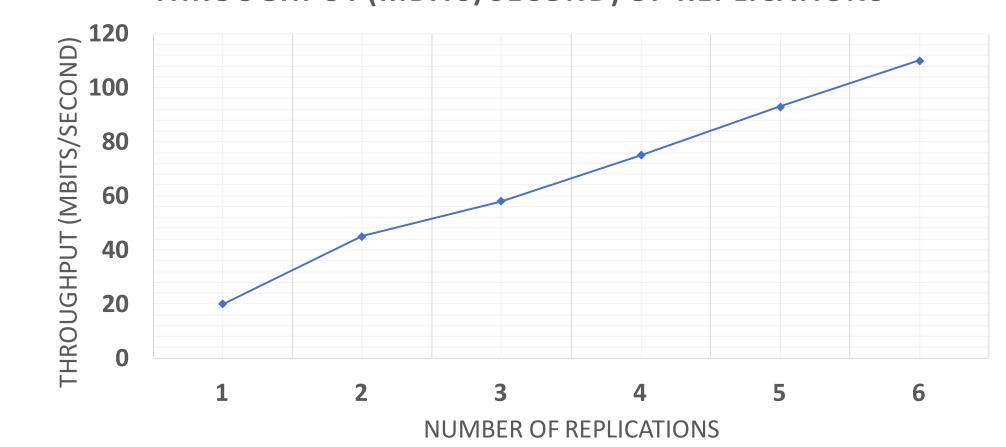
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Case Study: Scalability of Query Processing Engine

THROUGHPUT (MBITS/SECOND) OF REPLICATIONS



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Conclusion and Summary

- Users can create elastic FPGA clusters from cloud easily
 - Inter-FPGA fabric automatically generated
 - FPGAs provided network interface
- Little overhead
- Easy to scale

- Infrastructure Upgrade
 - 10G
 - Partial Reconfiguration



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- Automatic Partitioning/Scheduling
 - HLS Model (Scheduler): Behavioral
 - Circuit Partitioning



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- Large Scale Applications
 - Networking Applications (NFV)
 - Distributed Applications (Web-search)
 - Heterogeneous IOT Applications

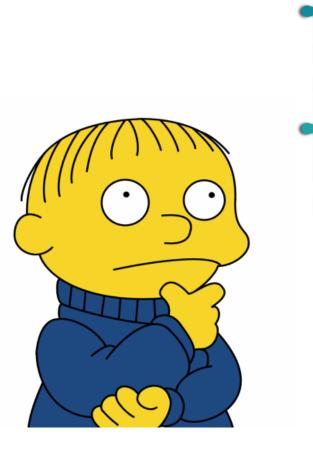


Thank You



Questions?

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